

Retired Senior Volunteer Program Terms and Conditions

Interest Bearing Account Must Maintain Advance Federal Funds

Institutions of higher education and other non-profit organizations covered by OMB Circular A-110 must maintain advance Federal funds in an interest bearing account. Interest earned on advances deposited in such accounts shall be remitted annually in a check, made payable to the U.S. Treasury, to the Department of Health and Human Services, Payment Management System, P.O. Box 6021, Rockville, MD 20852. The document transmitting the check must indicate that the payment is interest earned on advanced Federal funds. Interest up to \$250 per year may be retained by the grantee for administrative expenses.

Recognition Events

Grantee will assure that at Recognition events, the Corporation is acknowledged as the Federal agency responsible for the primary Federal funding of the project.

Lobby Disclosure

For grant awards exceeding \$100,000, pursuant to 31 U.S.C. 1352, the Grantee is required to file a disclosure report, Standard Form LLL, Disclosure of Lobbying Activities, at the end of any quarter, when the Grantee has paid or agreed to pay any lobbying entity for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with a covered Federal action. The report must be submitted to the Corporation State Program Director.

External Evaluation And Data Collection

The grantee must cooperate with the Corporation and its evaluators in all monitoring and evaluation efforts. As part of this effort, the grantee must collect and submit certain project data, as defined in the Project Profile and Volunteer Activity (PPVA) and must provide data as requested or needed to support external evaluations.

Grant Period

Unless otherwise specified, the Grant covers a three year project period. In approving a multiyear project period the Corporation makes an initial award for the first budget period. Additional funding for subsequent budget periods is contingent upon satisfactory progress and the availability of funds. The project period and the budget are noted on the award document.

Federal Financial Reports – Expenditures /Jan to Jun and Jul to Dec

Grantees paid through HHS/PMS must submit the Standard Form 425, Federal Financial Report (FFR), semi-annually from the start date of the grant to report the status of all funds. FFRs must report expenses on a cumulative basis over the performance period of the grant and be submitted according to the following schedule:

<i>Period Covering:</i>	<i>Report Due:</i>
January 1 to June 30	July 31
July 1 to December 31	January 31

Programs completing the final year of their grant must submit a final FFR that is cumulative over the entire grant period. This FFR is due 90 days after the close of the grant.

Federal Financial Reports – Expenditures /Apr to Sep and Oct to Mar

Grantees paid through HHS/PMS must submit the Standard Form 425, Federal Financial Report (FFR), semi-annually from the start date of the grant to report the status of all funds. FFRs must report expenses on a cumulative basis over the performance period of the grant and be submitted according to the following schedule:

<i>Period Covering:</i>	<i>Report Due:</i>
April 1 - September 30	October 31
October 1 - March 30	April 30

Programs completing the final year of their grant must submit a final FFR that is cumulative over the entire grant period. This FFR is due 90 days after the close of the grant.

Federal Financial Reporting - Disbursements

Grantees paid through HHS/PMS will report quarterly disbursements to HHS through SMARTLINK II. Grantees will report disbursements using the web based version of the Standard Form 425, Federal Financial Report, no later than 30 calendar days following the end of each quarter.

Annual Progress Report

Grantees must prepare a Progress Report at the end of the 4th quarter of the budget period. The report must be submitted in eGrants no later than 30 days after the end of the designated reporting period.

Recognition of Federal Funding

When issuing statements, press releases, requests for proposals, bid solicitations, annual reports and other documents describing projects or programs funded in whole or in part with Federal Corporation money, the grantee receiving federal funds, including but not limited to the state and local governments, shall clearly state (1) the percentage of the total cost of the program which will be financed with the Federal Corporation money, and (2) the dollar amount of Federal Corporation funds for the project or program.

Program/Project Manager Authority

The Program/Project Manager for this grant is listed on the face page of the Notice of Grant Award. The Program/Project Manager has full authority to represent the Corporation in connection with management of the technical and programmatic performance of the grant. They are not authorized to change the terms and conditions, estimated costs, or period of performance, or to give approvals, written or verbal, specifically reserved for the grant officer.

Program Income

Program income is to be used to further the purposes of the grant program for which the award was made. Program income from all sources must be reported and documented. Program income is revenue earned as a direct result of the grant-funded program activities during the award period and must be retained by the Grantee and used to finance the grant's non-Corporation share. Program income earned in excess of the amount needed to finance the Grantee share must follow the appropriate administrative requirements of 45 CFR 2541 or 45 CFR 2543, and cost principles of 2 CFR 205, 2 CFR 225, 2 CFR 230 (formerly OMB circulars A-87, A-122 and A-21) 0148 CFR Part 31 and be deducted from total claimed costs, or with approval from the Corporation through a budget amendment be used to enhance the program (additive process). Grantees that earn excess income must specify the amount of the excess in the comment box on the financial report.

Trafficking Victims Protections Act of 2000

This term of award is pursuant to paragraph (g) of section 106 of the Trafficking Victims Protections Act of 2000, as amended (22 USC 7104).

- a. Provisions applicable to a recipient that is a private entity.
 - 1. You as the recipient, your employees, subrecipients under this award, and subrecipients' employees may not—
 - i. Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of time that the award is in effect;
 - ii. Procure a commercial sex act during the period of time that the award is in effect; or
 - iii. Use forced labor in the performance of the award or subawards under the award.
 - 2. We as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if you or a subrecipient that is a private entity –
 - i. Is determined to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term; or
 - ii. Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term through conduct that is either—
 - A. Associated with performance under this award; or
 - B. Imputed to you or the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR part 180, "OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement)," as implemented by our agency at 2 CFR part 376.
- b. Provision applicable to a recipient other than a private entity.
We as the Federal awarding agency may unilaterally terminate this award, without penalty, if a subrecipient that is a private entity—
 - 1. Is determined to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term; or
 - 2. Has an employee who is determined by the agency official authorized to terminate the award to have violated an applicable prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term through conduct that is either—
 - i. Associated with performance under this award; or
 - ii. Imputed to the subrecipient using the standards and due process for imputing the conduct of an individual to an organization that are provided in 2 CFR part 180, "OMB Guidelines to Agencies on Governmentwide Debarment and Suspension (Nonprocurement)," as implemented by our agency at 2 CFR part 376.
- c. Provisions applicable to any recipient.
 - 1. You must inform us immediately of any information you receive from any source alleging a violation of a prohibition in paragraph a.1 of this award term
 - 2. Our right to terminate unilaterally that is described in paragraph a.2 or b of this section:
 - i. Implements section 106(g) of the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (TVPA), as amended (22 U.S.C. 7104(g)), and
 - ii. Is in addition to all other remedies for noncompliance that are available to us under this award.
 - 3. You must include the requirements of paragraph a.1 of this award term in any subaward you make to a private entity.
- d. Definitions. For purposes of this award term:
 - 1. "Employee" means either:
 - i. An individual employed by you or a subrecipient who is engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award; or
 - ii. Another person engaged in the performance of the project or program under this award and not compensated by you including, but not limited to, a volunteer or individual whose services are contributed by a third

party as an in-kind contribution toward cost sharing or matching requirements.

2. "Forced labor" means labor obtained by any of the following methods: the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.
3. "Private entity":
 - i. Means any entity other than a State, local government, Indian tribe, or foreign public entity, as those terms are defined in 2 CFR 175.25.
 - ii. Includes:
 - A. A nonprofit organization, including any nonprofit institution of higher education, hospital, or tribal organization other than one included in the definition of Indian tribe at 2 CFR 175.25(b).
 - B. A for-profit organization.

"Severe forms of trafficking in persons," "commercial sex act," and "coercion" have the meanings given at section 103 of the TVPA, as amended (22 U.S.C. 7102)